## Guide to classification of laser equipment (BS EN 60825)

Class 1 Lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing

Class 1M Lasers emitting in the wavelength range from 302.5 nm to 4,000 nm which are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, but may be hazardous if the user employs optics within the beam

Class 2 Lasers that emit visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm where eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses, including the blink reflex. This reaction may be expected to provide adequate protection under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing

Class 2M Lasers that emit visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm where eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses including the blink reflex. However, viewing of the output may be more hazardous if the user employs optics within the beam

Class 3R Lasers that emit in the wavelength range from 302.5 nm to 1 mm where direct intrabeam viewing is potentially hazardous but the risk is lower than for Class 3B lasers. The accessible emission limit is within five times the AEL of Class 2 in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm and within five times the AEL of Class 1 for other wavelengths

Class 3B Lasers that is normally hazardous when direct intrabeam exposure occurs. Viewing diffuse reflections is normally safe

Class 4 Lasers that is also capable of producing hazardous diffuse reflections. They may cause skin injuries and could also constitute a fire hazard.